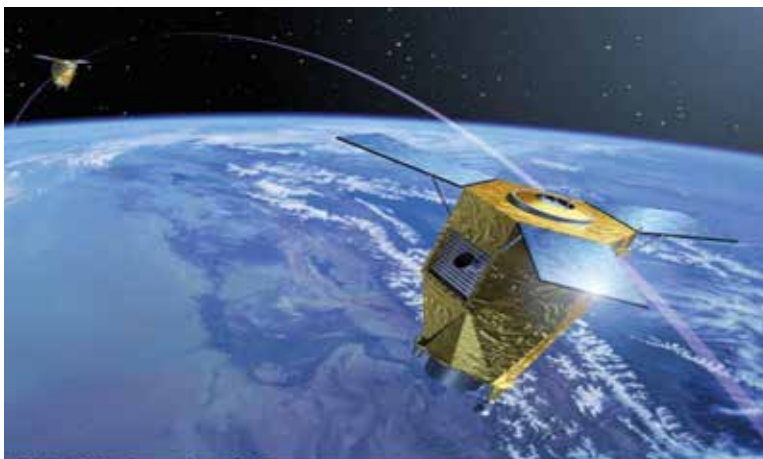




## 3D EARTH SURFACE MODELS

Topographic reconstruction of digital volcanic surfaces through very high spatial resolution of optical satellite imagery.

Active volcanic areas are frequently affected by surface changes due to effusive and explosive activities such as lava flows, lava fountaining, fall out deposits and pyroclastic flows. An updated and accurate topography of these areas is necessary for the correct hazard assessment to mitigate the eruptive event. From the very high resolution Pleiades acquisitions it is possible to measure such surface changes by reconstructing the 3D model.



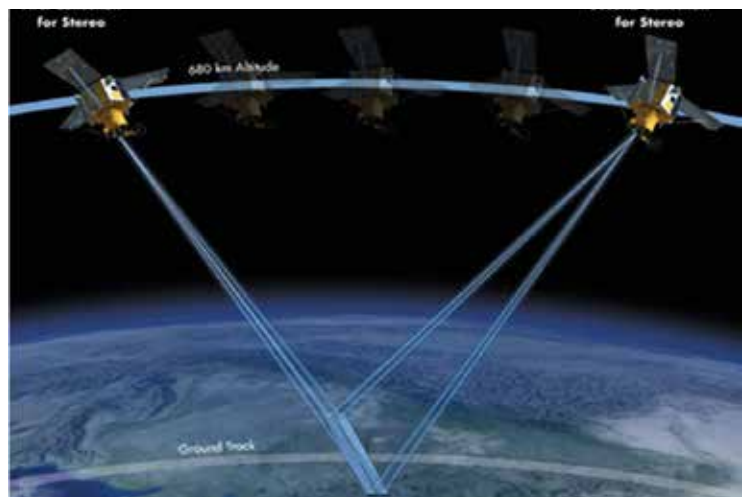
NES - Mars 2003 / Illustration Pierre CAMBIS.

COMPANY: Airbus Defence and Space  
LAUNCH: Pléiades 1A (16 Dic 11), Pléiades 1B (2 Dic 12)  
SITE: Kourou (Guiana Francese)  
REVISIT INTERVAL: 1 day  
Sun-synchronous orbit  
LIFE TIME: 5 years  
INTENSITY: 11 bits per pixel (2048 levels)  
SWATH: 20 km a nadir  
STRIP MAPPING (MOSAIC): 100 x 100 km  
STEREO IMAGING: 20 x 280 km

## TECHNIQUES

Two Stereo Satellite Photogrammetry Techniques has been developed and used to generate the 3D models: the NASA-ASP and MicMac. Both using Stereo or Tristereo Images by Multispectral sensor.

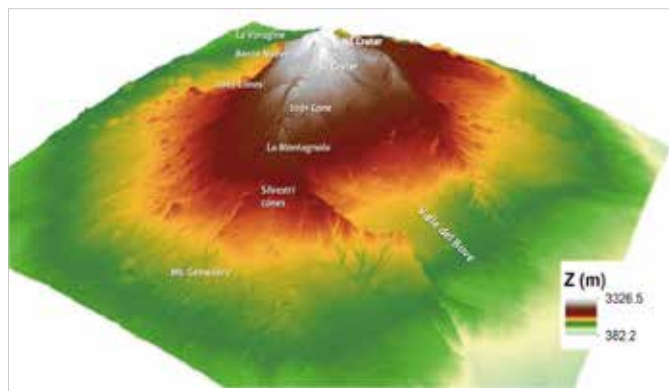
- **AMES STEREO PIPELINE (ASP)**, a suite of open source automated geodesy and stereo - photogrammetry tools intended to process stereo imagery with or without accurate camera pose information.
- **MICMAC** is a free open-source photogrammetric suite developed by the French IGN (Institut Géographique National) that can be used in a variety of 3D reconstruction scenarios.



# 3D models results

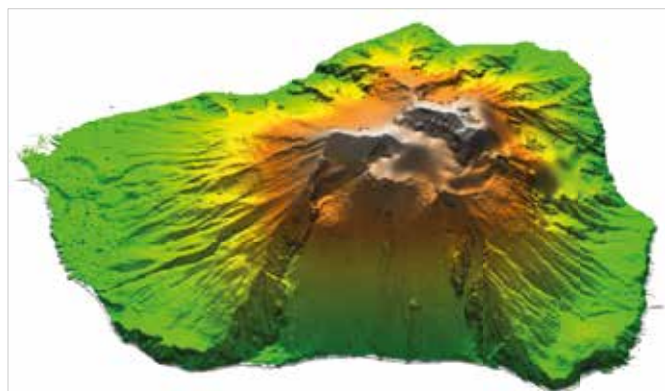
## MT. ETNA

Geo-referenced and orthometric DSM  
stored in raster format: ascii; geotiff; esri grid  
spatial resolution: 2 m  
planimetric accuracy: 2 m  
vertical accuracy: +/- 0.8 m

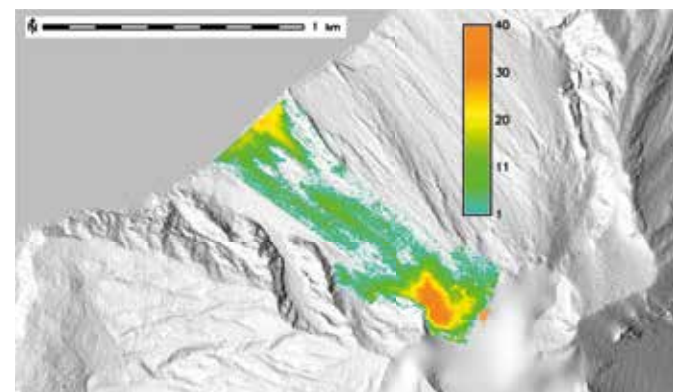
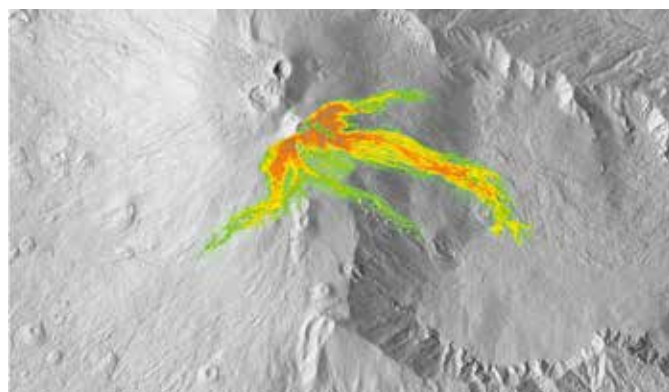


## STROMBOLI

Geo-referenced DSM in raster format: geotiff  
Ortho-images in raster format: geotiff  
spatial resolution: 1 m  
planimetric accuracy: 1-2 m  
vertical accuracy: +/- 1.6 m



From the digital surface models it's possible to make the difference of two topography acquired at different times in order to obtain the morphological changes occurred at the volcanic surfaces and measure the thickness and volumes of eruptive deposits, as lava flows, pyroclastic flows, cones growing and collapses.



## Acknowledgements

GSNL initiative Mt. Etna volcano Supersite

<http://geo-gsnl.org/supersites/permanent-supersites/mt-etna-volcano-supersite-new/>



All the space-related INGV  
flyers are here!

## References

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